

use $Z^n - 1 = 0$ to show that

$$\left(\sin \frac{\pi}{n}\right) \left(\sin \frac{2\pi}{n}\right) \left(\sin \frac{3\pi}{n}\right) \dots \left(\sin \frac{(n-1)\pi}{n}\right) = \frac{n}{2^{n-1}}$$

(sol.)

$$Z^n = 1 \Rightarrow Z = (1)^{\frac{1}{n}} \Rightarrow r = 1, \theta = 0$$

$$Z_k = \left(e^{\frac{i2k\pi}{n}}\right)$$

$$\text{roots are : } 1, e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}}, e^{\frac{i4\pi}{n}}, e^{\frac{i6\pi}{n}}, \dots, e^{\frac{i2(n-1)\pi}{n}}$$

$$\therefore \prod_{k=0}^{n-1} Z_k = (-1)^{n-1}$$

$$\therefore e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}} * e^{\frac{i4\pi}{n}} * e^{\frac{i6\pi}{n}} * \dots * e^{\frac{i2(n-1)\pi}{n}} = (-1)^{n-1}$$

$$\therefore e^{\frac{i\pi}{n}} * e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}} * e^{\frac{i3\pi}{n}} * \dots * e^{\frac{i(n-1)\pi}{n}} = \sqrt{(-1)^{n-1}} = (i)^{n-1} \text{ ***** (1)}$$

$$\therefore \sin x = \frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{2i} = \frac{e^{-ix}}{2i} (e^{i2x} - 1)$$

$$\therefore \sin \frac{\pi}{n} = \frac{e^{-\frac{i\pi}{n}}}{2i} (e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}} - 1), \sin \frac{2\pi}{n} = \frac{e^{-\frac{i2\pi}{n}}}{2i} (e^{i\frac{4\pi}{n}} - 1), \sin \frac{(n-1)\pi}{n} = \frac{e^{-\frac{i(n-1)\pi}{n}}}{2i} (e^{i\frac{2(n-1)\pi}{n}} - 1)$$

$$L.H.S = \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{n}\right) \left(\sin \frac{2\pi}{n}\right) \left(\sin \frac{3\pi}{n}\right) \dots \left(\sin \frac{(n-1)\pi}{n}\right) =$$

$$\left(\frac{e^{-\frac{i\pi}{n}}}{2i} (e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}} - 1)\right) \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{i2\pi}{n}}}{2i} (e^{i\frac{4\pi}{n}} - 1)\right) \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{i3\pi}{n}}}{2i} (e^{i\frac{6\pi}{n}} - 1)\right) \dots \left(\frac{e^{-\frac{i(n-1)\pi}{n}}}{2i} (e^{i\frac{2(n-1)\pi}{n}} - 1)\right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{(2i)^{n-1}} * \left(\frac{1}{e^{\frac{i\pi}{n}} * e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}} * \dots * e^{\frac{i(n-1)\pi}{n}}}\right) * \left[(e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}} - 1)(e^{i\frac{4\pi}{n}} - 1)(1 - e^{i\frac{6\pi}{n}}) \dots (e^{i\frac{2(n-1)\pi}{n}} - 1)\right] =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{n-1}} * \frac{1}{i^{n-1}} * \frac{1}{i^{n-1}} * \left[(e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}} - 1)(e^{i\frac{4\pi}{n}} - 1)(1 - e^{i\frac{6\pi}{n}}) \dots (e^{i\frac{2(n-1)\pi}{n}} - 1)\right] =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{n-1}} * \frac{1}{(-1)^{n-1}} * \left[(-1)^{n-1} (1 - e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}})(1 - e^{i\frac{4\pi}{n}})(1 - e^{i\frac{6\pi}{n}}) \dots (1 - e^{i\frac{2(n-1)\pi}{n}})\right] =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{n-1}} * \left[(1 - e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}})(1 - e^{i\frac{4\pi}{n}})(1 - e^{i\frac{6\pi}{n}}) \dots (1 - e^{i\frac{2(n-1)\pi}{n}})\right]$$

$$\therefore L.H.S = \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} * \left[(1 - e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}})(1 - e^{i\frac{4\pi}{n}})(1 - e^{i\frac{6\pi}{n}}) \dots (1 - e^{i\frac{2(n-1)\pi}{n}})\right] \text{ ***** (2)}$$

$$\therefore \text{roots of } (Z^n - 1) \text{ are : } 1, e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}}, e^{\frac{i4\pi}{n}}, e^{\frac{i6\pi}{n}}, \dots, e^{\frac{i2(n-1)\pi}{n}}$$

$$\therefore Z^n - 1 = (Z - 1) \left(Z - e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}}\right) \left(Z - e^{\frac{i4\pi}{n}}\right) \left(Z - e^{\frac{i6\pi}{n}}\right) \dots \left(Z - e^{\frac{i2(n-1)\pi}{n}}\right)$$

$$\therefore \frac{Z^n - 1}{Z - 1} = \left(Z - e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}}\right) \left(Z - e^{\frac{i4\pi}{n}}\right) \left(Z - e^{\frac{i6\pi}{n}}\right) \dots \left(Z - e^{\frac{i2(n-1)\pi}{n}}\right)$$

substitute Z by 1 to become like the unknown part of equation (2)

$$\left(1 - e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}}\right) \left(1 - e^{\frac{i4\pi}{n}}\right) \left(1 - e^{\frac{i6\pi}{n}}\right) \dots \left(1 - e^{\frac{i2(n-1)\pi}{n}}\right) = \lim_{Z \rightarrow 1} \frac{Z^n - 1}{Z - 1} = \frac{n}{1} * (1)^{n-1} = n$$

$$\therefore \left(1 - e^{\frac{i2\pi}{n}}\right) \left(1 - e^{\frac{i4\pi}{n}}\right) \left(1 - e^{\frac{i6\pi}{n}}\right) \dots \left(1 - e^{\frac{i2(n-1)\pi}{n}}\right) = n \text{ ***** substitute in equation (2)}$$

$$L.H.S = \frac{n}{2^{n-1}} = R.H.S \quad \wedge \quad \wedge$$